

Sales at Vendue.
On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day. All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.
Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,
75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young
Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon
and Tenerife Wine.
8 hogheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.
October 16.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.
This healthy, beautiful, and well improved
SEAT is now offered for sale.
It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in
wood. No land is better adapted to the use of
Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valu-
able meadow land upon it.
For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon
the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles
county, Maryland.
Benjamin Dulany, jun.
September 14.

Intending to remove to
the town of Alexandria I wish to sell a lease
at 3 years of *Sebastian Spring Tavern*, with
the acres thereto belonging. Any person in-
clined to purchase will meet with a bargain,
and may be supplied with a number of arti-
cles suitable to Tavern keeping.
A. LINDO.
January 23.

A GREAT BARGAIN.
THE subscriber wishing to remove to the
western country, will sell the FARM on
which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles
from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-
ry, and about the same from the Potomac
bridge crossing to the city of Washington—
in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con-
taining about 470 acres, on which is a con-
venient dwelling house, large enough for a gen-
teel family, together with all the outhouses
suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of
apple trees of selected fruit, together with
different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-
proved meadow for the scythe, and a large
portion more may easily be made. Any per-
son inclined to purchase may know the terms
by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining
the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-
mises.
E. DULIN.
June 2.

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,
HAVING entered into partnership in the
ROPE-MAKING BUSINESS, offer
for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf,
a general assortment of CORDAGE and
SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at
their rope-walk, they will receive orders for
any description of Cordage warranted to be
made out of the best materials and manufac-
tured in such a manner as will bear the in-
spection of the best judges.
for *N. B.* A liberal price will be always given
for HEMP of the best quality.
November 24.

New Tooth Extractor.
THE subscriber has effected an improve-
ment in the instrument for extracting teeth,
by which that operation is rendered consid-
erably less painful, and more safe, than by the
common method, and applies in all cases.
During some months use of this instru-
ment, (the only one except Bruff's Patent,
where that will apply) the jaw has in no in-
stance been injured, nor the gum torn (or lac-
cerated).
Persons who chuse it, attended at their
homes as usual. Apply lower end of Prince-
street to
Ch: Douglas.
Intending to apply for a patent, it cannot
be seen for examination at present.
December 28.

TO RENT.
A very convenient two story Dwelling
House, on the lower end of Royal street
now occupied by Mr. Admonde. Possession
may be had on the first of April next.
Also, the house adjoining which is equal-
ly convenient.
John T. Brooks.
March 9.

TO RENT.
THE subscriber will rent the house on
Fairfax street, Alexandria, now occupied by
Mrs. S. Nickolls, for 300 dollars a year, pay-
able half yearly, and give possession on the
1st of May.
He will rent the property commonly called
Jones's Point, the marsh and adjacent hills,
or any part of them; or he will sell any part
of them, on a credit of one, two and three
years. For his land on Fairfax and Franklin
streets, he will take one third of the assessed
value. He offers for sale a valuable CRIST
MILL on Goose Creek, in the county of
London, (Va.) within half a mile of the old
turnpike road leading to Alexandria, and a-
bout 500 acres of Land adjoining the Mill,
great part of which is well covered with tim-
ber
S. COOKE.
Leesburgh, Loudoun County,
March 1.

WM. HARPER, Jr.
APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST.
HAS just received, and offers for sale at
his wholesale and retail Druggist
Store on Fairfax-street, opposite Mr. Bry-
an Hampton's and next door to Mr. Lloyds
a general assortment of Medicines, Patent
Medicines, Surgical Instruments, &c. among
which are as follows:
Powdered Jalap, Prepared Calomel, Re-
fined G. Camphor, Spanish Flies, Aqua For-
tis, Oil of Vitriol, Gum Opium, Colombo
Root, Ditto in Powder, Sugar of Lead, Sin-
na Leaves, Manna Flake, Ditto in sort,
Rhubarb Root, Ditto in Powder, Curved
Needles, Putikins, Teeth Forceps, Gum
Lancets, Spring Ditto Thumb Ditto, Cath-
eter's Elastic, Ditto Silver, Windsor Shav-
ing Soap, Mixt Rose Ditto, P. m. Ditto,
Jeamine Ditto, Cosmetic Wash Balls, &c.
&c. &c.
March 1.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY
Newton Keene,
25 hhds first quality retawing Molasses
1500 bushels coarse Salt, and
90 bolts Canvas.
ALSO, IN STORE,
40 hhds brown Sugar
50 barrels ditto
5000 lbs Coffee
10 chests Imperial & Y. H. Teas
50 boxes Spanish Segars
4 pipes L. P. Tenerife Wine
50 dozen London Brown Stout
A few hampers Double Gloucester Cheese
100 barrels Herrings, and
30 hhds Tobacco.
March 1.

Just Received
And for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Book-
seller, King-street,
Gentlemen and Lady's Pocket Almanacs,
in plain and Morocco bindings, for the year
1810.

AND
Johnson's Virginia and Farmer's Alma-
nacs for 1810 containing a variety of useful and
entertaining matter—by the dozen or other-
wise.

ALSO,
Dr. Hooper's Physicians Vademecum—
just published—a very useful Manual for
young gentlemen of the faculty. Price 112
cents.
Dr. Rees's Medical Guide.
Pennington's Memoirs of Mrs. Eliza Car-
ter.
Blair's Lectures on Rhetorick and the
Belles Lettres.
Adams's Roman Antiquities:
Complete Farrier (new edition.)
Misses' Magazine—2 vols.
Porteus's Lectures on St. Matthew.
Dr. Newcome's Harmony of the Evange-
lists.
Mrs. West's Letters to a Young Man.
Cowper's Poems and Task—separate, ele-
gant miniature editions.
Mediator's Kingdom, not of this World.
7 and half cents.
December 7.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER
To a permitted Port,
The SHIP
UNITED STATES,
GEORGE BAKER, Master;
Burthen 250 tons or 2200 bar-
rels of flour, and will be ready to receive a
cargo in about ten days. For further parti-
culars apply to
MARSTELLER AND YOUNG.
March 3.

For Sale Freight or Charter,
The Brigantine
GRAND TURK;
Burthen 123 Tons, Nicholas
Hopkins master
ALSO FOR SALE
The cargo of said brig consisting of
3500 bushels of *IBSON SALT*,
100 boxes *LEMONS*.
John G. Ladd.
February 26.

For Sale, Freight or Charter.
The BRIG
PRESAGE,
Well found and nearly new,
burthen 1500 barrels, laying at M. Clean's
wharf, for terms apply to
Tenny & Ober, or
Daniel M'Clean.
Landing from the above vessel, and for sale,
13 hhds. COFFEE,
40 bags COCOA, and
3 puncheons RUM.
Tenny & Ober;
January 12.

FOR BOSTON,
The elegant new Brig
LOGAN,
Joseph Hammett, master;
(intended as a regular trader)
will sail to-morrow, and will take passengers,
for which she has handsome accommodations.
Apply to the master on board at Harper's
wharf, or to
Lawrason & Fowle;
WHO HAVE FOR SALE,
4000 bushels coarse } Liverpool Salt.
3000 do. fine }
10 hhds Muscovado Sugar
10 hhds } New England Rum:
50 blis }
20,000 lbs. Coffee, entitled to drawback
Hyson and Young Hyson Tea
200 blis. mess No. 1 and No. 2, Beef
20 do prime Boston Pork
20 do Fall MacKarell
30 do Tanners' Oil
600 boxes smoked Herrings
20 kegs Salmon
Russia and Ravens Duck
Chocolate, Mould Candles and Soap
5000 yards Tow Cloth
20,000 wt. Seal Leather
30 packages Shoes, different qualities
3 cases German Checks } Entitled to
50 Bellona Powder } drawback.

Also, For Boston,
The Schooner
ELENOE,
Will sail in a few days and will
take 200 barrels freight if immediate appli-
cation is made as above.
March 6.

A NEW NOVEL.
Just Published, and for Sale by
COTTOM & STEWART,
Price 1 Dollar,
GLENCARN;
OR
THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,
A NOVEL.
By GEORGE WATTESTON, Esq.
OF WASHINGTON CITY,
Author of the *Lawyer and Child of Feeling*.

The celebrity of this author's "*LAW-
YER*," and "*CHILD OF FEELING*" in-
duced the publishers to engage in this work,
and without detracting from the merits of the
former, feel themselves justified in stating that
his *GLENCARN* is superior to either.
It is submitted without further recommenda-
tion, with a wish, that the American review-
ers may give further encouragement to this
young gentleman's endeavors to entertain in-
struct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a
way seemingly well calculated to attract their
attention.
Feb. 8.

FOR SALE,
Forty nine barrels of best HAVANNA
COFFEE.
JAMES SANDERSON.
March 6.

Plaster, and Clover Seed.
JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale by the subscriber
50 tons Plaster, and a few
bushels fresh Clover Seed.
JOSEPH H. MANDEVILLE.
March 5.

Union College Lottery,
No. 2.
TICKETS will advance on the first of
March next to 2 dollars 50 cents.
Present price 2 dollars.
FOR SALE BY
R. Gray.
February 19.

For Sale,
Two elegant young Horses,
Of good parentage and quality; one of
them accustomed to the gig, the other
to the saddle. Both are in perfect health,
and tolerable order. Enquire of John Man-
kier, at the Indian Queen tavern, where the
horses may be seen.
March 7.

MILITARY LANDS.
FOR SALE,
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexan-
dria or its vicinity.
A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,
Granted by the state of Virginia for military
services during the revolutionary war. The
land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to
be amongst the best in the state. It will be
sold at a great bargain. Apply to
John Longden.
May 13.

Runaway Wench.
ABSCONDED from Georgetown, Colum-
bia, on Friday, the 2d of Feb. 1810, a mulatto
wench named Lotty; she is about 30 years
of age, somewhat under the middle size—
robust make, flat chest and down cast look.
This wench was formerly the property of Dr.
Edward Gantt, has lived for some time past
with Mrs. H. Hayward, and is well known in
Georgetown.
For apprehending and delivering the said
runaway to the keeper of the jail in the city
of Washington, Ten Dollars will be paid, if
taken within the district of Columbia, 25 dol-
lars if taken either in Maryland or Virginia—and
fifty dollars if taken beyond the limits of those
states, and all reasonable expenses, on appli-
cation to the printer hereof.
March 5.

ROBERT GRAY,
BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,
Has lately received for sale the following ar-
ticles:
Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the com-
mercial relations of the United States with
England.
Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames'
works.
Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be
comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to sub-
scribers 2 dolls. 50 cts in boards.
Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and
Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols.
octavo.
The works of President Edwards, 8 vols.
octavo.
The works of Dr. Rush, 4 vols. octavo.
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Brooks' Gazetteer.
Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.
Murphy's Lucian.
Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 18mo.
American Register, vol. 5th.
Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina,
2 vols. octavo. boards—price 2 dolls. 50 cts.
Subscriptions received by R. Gray
for the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on
the Epistles, and a new American Dispensa-
tory, all now publishing by subscription in
Boston.
February 27.

**ALEXANDRIA DAILY GAZETTE,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.**

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 dollars per annum;
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

TUESDAY, MARCH 13.

From the Federal Republican.

COMMUNICATION.

THE CASE OF MR. LIVINGSTON.

OF Mr. Jefferson's determined hostility to the very spirit of the constitution, we have had much more ample and decisive testimony than is displayed in the letter to Muzzel. The return of Callender's fine, after it had been paid into the treasury of the United States, under a legal sentence to gratify an infamous associate whom he dared to affront; the unauthorized expenditure on the Berceau, to please a power to which he was devoted; the attack upon the judiciary through the name of Judge Marshall, to indulge the malignity of personal disappointment; and many other equally culpable actions, concur to shew an implacable spirit of opposition to the principles of that venerable instrument, which he so audaciously stigmatized as a "Lilliputian tie." But to attack the inestimable right of a trial by jury, to overturn the solemn adjudication of a judicial tribunal, and to deprive a citizen of his property in consequence of the opinion of an attorney general, were acts from which we might have supposed his cowardly scruples would have shrunk.

But the case which I am about to detail, will shew that he is at least entitled to the next of consistency; like *Macheath* he is a rascal to the last. I recommend this case to the deliberate consideration of the people of the United States. I conjure them to divest their reflections of party zeal—to cast aside that slavish submission with which they have implicitly hailed this baleful meteor as one of the bright stars of democracy. It is not of myself that I speak. Mr. Jefferson can do me no harm. For him and his friends, from the Spanish pensioner down to the Calcutta coolie, I entertain a cordial contempt which must, at all times, prevent me from acting under the impulse of fear. But I do fear for my country. I am not ashamed to confess that I tremble, when I reflect upon what must be the situation of those who shall succeed us, if we allow such acts to receive the sanction of precedent. The case is this.

At the time when Louisiana was ceded to the United States by the emperor of France, a certain John Gravier, an inhabitant of that country, was possessed of a farm adjoining the city of New-Orleans, which he or his ancestors had held by virtue of a legal grant, for nearly eighty years. This land bordered on the Mississippi, and it was annually increased by deposits of land and mud, which were occasioned by the inundations of the river. These additions or alluvions were too inconsiderable to be banked in; but some persons, who foresaw advantages which would arise at a future period, purchased parts of them from Mr. Gravier. The assignments were regularly made before the notary of the government, whose duty it was to pass no sales where the vender did not shew a title. The inhabitants of the city for a long time, had been permitted to carry off sand from this alluvion, to be used in building houses, but upon being restrained in the exercise of this liberty, the city corporation claimed as a right, what the citizens had hitherto enjoyed through the inattention or indulgence of the proprietor.—Mr. Gravier accordingly instituted a suit in the supreme court of the territory of Orleans against the mayor, aldermen and inhabitants of the city of New Orleans, to quiet the plaintiff in the possession of the alluvion land, or *Batture*, fronting the suburb of St. Mary. After his case had been three times discussed, his rights were confirmed by the unanimous decision of the judges, and he was put in quiet possession of the land.

It is a plain unsophisticated mind, which had not penetrated the regions of modern philosophy, to explore "the equal and exact rights of all men," it might appear that Mr. Gravier was now the lawful possessor of this land. So thought Mr. Livingston, but he was woefully mistaken. He purchased a portion of the property for about 80000 dollars, paid a considerable sum on the purchase, and then found there was another "bar of public reason" than that which the law provided and to which Gravier had successfully appealed. Mr. Jefferson had begun to discover that the people were not so much

pleased with *Franklin* as he was; and he was also no little uneasy about the *new* mountain, which he had expected to find in this new land of promise. Callender knew this too; and he had also ingeniously enough to discover that his popularity was rather in the wane, and that some strenuous effort was necessary to prevent the total loss of it.

He summoned the rabble of the town and informed them that the judgment of the supreme court was not conclusive, and that he had laid all the evidence he could collect on the subject of the conflicting claims, before the president of the United States. Mr. Livingston happened to have some old-fashioned notions about justice and law, which taught him that no tribunal could investigate the proceedings of a superior court, and believing that the president was not yet above law, he felt no uneasiness about the unprofitable contest of trying which could do the other the most harm.

He began to make improvements on the property, which he claimed under the deed of the owner, and the judgment of the highest legal tribunal of the land. The corporation of New Orleans failed in their attempt, passed an act ceding their right to the U. States; and the marshal accordingly drove Mr. Livingston and his workmen off the land. All the improvements which had been commenced were necessarily abandoned, and are now probably destroyed. Mr. Livingston has appealed to Congress, and it is hoped, that the film is so far removed from the eyes of the misguided tools of the late administration, as to enable them to enforce the sentence of a legal tribunal, and quiet the claimant in the possession of his property.

From the Freeman's Journal.

Spanish Affairs.—Napoleon the Great, is without doubt one of the greatest *romancers* that ever existed. He conquers as much if not more by his false bulletins and publications, than by the bayonet. The bulletin published in Madrid, and the letter written by the duke of Dalmatia to the minister of war in Paris, are positive proofs of this assertion: their object was to make an impression on the minds of the Spanish Americans and induce them to believe that their brave brothers in arms in the mother country had lost their last hopes, and that no other choice was left them but passive submission to the almighty conqueror. However, this time, his end has been defeated, for fortunately a true account of the great battle of Ocaña, has been previously received in the Spanish colonies, and will therefore counteract every effort of his infamous publications.

[TRANSLATED FOR THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL.]

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in the Havana, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated 13th February, 1810.

"The arrival of a gov't vessel from Cadiz has released us from the great anxiety which we labored under for some time past, owing to the circulation of some false reports by some occult French agents, respecting the battles in Spain which took place in November last, which they depicted as decisive, and fixing the fate of Spain. However, by this arrival, we have received letters from Seville to the 31st Dec. and from Cadiz to the 2d Jan. which has totally dissipated the gloom occasioned by the false reports, and we are convinced that our noble and just cause is far from being desperate."

"The battle of Ocaña, which took place on the 13th, was by no means as destructive to our arms as to those of the French.—The commander in chief reports from the headquarters of the army of La Mancha, under date of the 14th of December, that the different corps forming his army, had re-assembled to the amount of 47,000 men, twenty-four after his arrival at Santa Cruz de Mudela, and that therefore the number of missing, including the dead, did not exceed 3000 men, some of which were prisoners, and others probably still dispersed, and that some stragglers were daily joining their colors. Our army had evidently had the advantage on the first onset of the battle, until unfortunately one regiment of Spanish cavalry gave way, and carried confusion in their flight: at that very moment an account was received that a considerable body of French troops under Victor, the marshal duke of Belluna, was advancing by forced marches to get in the rear of our army, in order to take possession of the passes of Sierra Morena, which he supposed had been left weakly defended, whereupon our general ordered a retreat, which was effected with as much order as was possible on the occasion and by different routes, and the next day the Spanish army occupied the position of Santa Cruz de Madala. Our loss on the field of battle is

estimated at about 8000 men; that of the enemy was more considerable, and they dared not pursue us in our retreat. Our army is again preparing to advance, and actually had their advanced guard on the 24th December at Duerniel and Villana.

"The affair of the duke del Parque, at Alba de Tormes, has proved honorable to himself and his troops; they have covered themselves with glory, having effected the object of his wishes, which was to form a junction with the army of the duke de Albuquerque, this he had to effect in the presence of the enemy who was continually fighting and harassing his rear, but the duke del Parque overcame every difficulty, continually repulsed the enemy, made several prisoners, and entered Extremadura in spite of every effort to the contrary on the part of the enemy.

"The immortal Geron held out on the 12th Dec.—Blake was marching to raise its siege with a powerful army. A battle must have taken place in that quarter, as it appears the French were expecting some reinforcements. Barcelona is in great distress, blockaded by sea and land. A very serious and formidable insurrection has taken place in Navarre. Twelve millions of dollars have arrived at Cadiz from Vera Cruz. Our armies are increasing in numbers and discipline, and no fear was entertained of the progress of the enemy southward, on the contrary hopes existed that he would soon be obliged to quit the whole of La Mancha.

"Joseph was about repairing to Paris, called by his brother to some other duties: he had actually left Madrid, for that purpose, escorted by an army, such were his fears of the noble Spanish insurgents."

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

TUESDAY, MARCH 13.

Whenever we ponder for a moment, on the present infatuated, distracted state of our cabinet, and our country, we cannot help ejaculating with the shipwrecked sailor—

Heaven look down with pity on us;
For only that can save us now!

And that if we ever emerge from this kenel of degradation, without the sacrifice of our honor, it must be by the special interposition of Providence! It is a cruel and a mortifying reflection, that we should, in the simplicity of our heart, have placed men in our councils, who put all their cunning in requisition to cajole and wheedle US instead of turning it to the annoyance of our enemies! They look to their great prototype, *Napoleon*, for all their lessons, and God knows they are getting too expert, for the genius of honest, plain-dealing Americans! He has taught them the whole art of insinuation; and the facility with which any measure, however repugnant, may become tolerable and even popular to the people, by its stealing over them imperceptibly. He has unfolded the secret of reconciling antipathies, and of saddling the most infernal despotism on earth, upon the back of the honest *sans culotte*—breathing in his ear, at the same time, the fascinating charm of *vive la Republique!*

The slow progressive steps of First Consul:—Consul for life:—the power of choosing a successor:—Emperor and King—scarcely discovered to the astonished *Citizen*, a crisis, whereat to make a stand. His system, however being so notorious; any attempt at enumeration here, would be futile and superfluous. He now being anxious (as the cup of his iniquity is filling apace) lest haply some good *Cyren* should succeed him who may restore the political Israel to their possessions, and the mandate which calls him to his account, be the dayspring of a general emancipation and peace; he shoves his ancient spouse aside, and sets to, in good earnest *infractis personis*, to carve out a successor, "in his spirit, who will, of course, be a *devil by birthright*. Here we leave him, and return to the gulling system, of our *sage copyists*, this side the water; they in pursuit of their favorite theory, the freedom of the seas, to others, but a dignified retirement, *se us*, have, by mangling and crippling our commerce, on the specious plea of foreign aggressions, hoped to disgust the merchant with his natural element, and to turn his attention to other objects, and thereby consummate the destruction of trade by general consent. This is the old Jeffersonian recipe, for de-

stroying commerce; but that for destroying ships is of a more recent date, though of the same pestiferous tendency, and all *à la mode* being nothing less than the famous sub-marine torpedo (of Mr. Barshell we believe) as improved by Mr. Fulton. This torpedo-machine, being one of the most impotent, visionary schemes that ever entered the brain of an Engineer, will, doubtless, be immortalized as the destroyer of one little squadron; OUR OWN! We understand it is to be apparently patronized, as an all-sufficient substitute for navy, & under cover of which stalking-horse, this poor *memento* of better days, will be transferred to other hands! Believing a description of this celebrated machine may be amusing to many of our readers, we will here give it as concisely as possible:—A large quantity of powder is put into a chest, or other depositary, which contains also a kind of clock work, to this chest, one end of a rope is made fast, and the other end to an iron arrow, which, on approaching a ship, is fired into her from a blunderbuss:—at the same instant the chest is thrown overboard, which draws from it a plug or stopper, setting the internal clock work in motion;—this, at a given time, strikes fire, and explodes.—Mr. Fulton proposes the operation being undertaken, even at noon day; in a row boat; trusting to its velocity, and the certainty of the arrows taking effect. Now as this rope, which fastens the arrow to the torpedo, must not be more than half the length of the ship, we have been suggesting that a sufficient number of *Guy Rovers* might not always be ready in these latter days, to undertake to conduct the enterprise, amidst the rich profusion of round grape and cannister shot, together with a few musket balls, by way of an *anchovy*?

Again;—these arrows, on being discharged from the blunderbuss, are very uncertain of going point foremost, but often strike the object sideways, and rebound; as one did at an exemplification lately at Capitol Hill, which came near depriving the service of one of the tallest corporals the marine corps could boast of.

Again;—admit for argument sake that our enemy would be kind enough to let the ingenious Mr. Fulton fasten his torpedo to their vessel; how long would it take an active fellow, with a good jack-knife in his hand, and the *first law of nature* in his mind, to sever its fastenings, and let it pass by, harmless as a Jeffersonian gun boat. Here follows the chapter of *ifs*—

If the *Guy Raver* sacrifices can be found;

If the ship is *polite* enough to let them approach and fasten their torpedo;

If the arrow goes point foremost and sticks sufficiently fast;

If the sailor does not cut it clear;

If the torpedo swings under the vessel,—and,

If no part of the machinery miscarries, which acting submergely, it is very liable to; then the vessel may be destroyed. In short, though such a parcel of these little villainous conjunctions, called *ifs*, that we are very apt to assimilate this terrible affair to the childish tradition of catching birds with salt?

The other grand display of Mr. Barshell's machine is, to anchor a number, say five or six thousand, of them in various parts of a harbor, confined together by a rope, in a manner that when struck, either by a *porpoise* or a ship, they will [provided the powder be kept dry, and the same disaster does not befall it, that befall the first trial at New York] they will explode to the direful consternation of men and fishes!

This torpedo has certainly made considerable noise in the world, but instead of injuring the ships of our enemies, it has done more injury to our own, than a million of such air castles would be worth, in consuming the precious time of Congress, which is the mean while we understand were neglecting to make appropriations for the payment of the poor fellows in the navy yard, who had not received any *cent* for several months to keep their *arms* and *little ones* from rusting; in consequence of the late appropriation being expended, and so now the matter?

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Extract of a letter to a merchant in Boston,
dated Christiansand, December 26.

"I am sorry to inform you that the spirits of myself and all my countrymen who are detained in this place, were yesterday much depressed by the account of the condemnation of the very valuable barque Pacific, of Salem, and ship Jane, of Portland, these vessels are condemned by the admiralty court, from which there is no appeal. Never was truer American property condemned, than that of the Pacific and cargo. Whether any political change has produced these decisions I know not. One reason for the condemnation of the Pacific is, that the captain had orders, in case he could not purchase manufactures, to remit money to S. Williams in London. If that is sufficient cause of condemnation, every will share the same fate. The two first decisions of the admiralty court were favorable, viz. the brig Ann, of Boston, and barque Edward and Henry; which led us to believe that no American vessel would be condemned. Although these two vessels have been detained eight months, yet no damages are allowed. The court are very tardy in all their proceedings. There should have been two more decisions yesterday, but the court is postponed to the 25th of January. I do not expect to have my case tried till near the middle of March, and notwithstanding the unfavorable appearances at present, I have reason to believe the Joseph will be acquitted. There are now only three Americans in Norway, who were cleared at the prize court of Christiansand, all the rest were condemned. We have sent several memorials to President Madison, and have no doubt he will make a spirited demand of satisfaction. It is reported here, and I believe it a fact, that there are 27 French privateers cruising in the North Sea, and on the coast of Norway; and that they capture all neutrals, and have burnt many. It is believed here, that Bonaparte will soon take possession of Holstein, and I fear his influence will extend to the courts of Norway. If it should, there is no hope left for us. I have forwarded my protest by the Edward and Henry, Foster, Gloucester."

The brig Ann, which arrived here yesterday from Christiansand, was captured on the 5th of May last, carried into Christiansand, and condemned on the 25th; and after 8 months detention finally acquitted by the high court. It was not expected that the high court would in any manner sanction the proceedings of the piratical court at Christiansand, but to the disgrace of the judges, who, though having recognized in the clearance of the Ann, the principle that "free ships make free goods," condemned the following vessels at the same time acknowledging that they with their cargoes are American property, and also admit the legality of their voyages, viz. brig Suwarow, of Beverly; barque Pacific, Salem; Jane, Portland.

The reasons of their condemnations are—1st, an English frigate in sight at the time of capture, whose assistance the captain solicited [which happened always, however, to be another unfortunate American]—2d, remitting money to England [while the Norwegians are carrying on, by licence, a direct trade with England]—Lastly, the captains would not suffer themselves and crew to be examined by two or three pirates who constituted themselves notaries, judges and interpreters. Some of the honorable body (who were concerned in privateers) believing the property would not be condemned by fair means, hoped to succeed by finding a Norwegian American to criminate his countrymen. In this they received their deserts.—Who could expect such conduct in the dominions of Denmark, the boasted friend of neutral rights! The Danes and Swedes have made peace, very favorable to the former. [Boston Palladium.]

Extract of a letter from Hamburg, dated December 19th.

"We cannot learn whether general Armstrong is likely to do any thing with our affairs at the court of France. I rather suppose there is nothing doing. The French continue to take our vessels wherever they chanced to meet them, just as regularly as they do any English ships which they can overpower. Several from Tonnigen and other ports on the continent, bound home, have lately been carried in, and several from the U. S. bound to Tonnigen."

"The city of Hamburg and other Hanse towns are to go to the confederation of the Rhine, but the precise mode of government does not seem to be fixed upon; they appear to have very little concern in the matter. About 1500 or 2000 Westphalian troops have been quartered here, all within a few day's drive. I understand they have crossed the Elbe, but probably

they will soon return, or where will take their place. This city cannot long expect an exemption from contribution of some sort or other. With regard to the troops, however, they are said to have been very orderly."

Extract of a letter from Smyrna, Dec. 14, to a merchant in Boston.

By the Bessy S. via Philadelphia, and the Confounder brig, I wrote you under date of Nov. 20.—The ship Weymouth left the Castle on the 23d of November.

No events of a political nature have taken place since my last, effecting the situation of this country, the Sultan Mahmoud, positively assuring Mr. Adair, the British minister, that no threats whatever shall force him into a war with England; and aware of the designs of the French he shall continue always to regard the English as his friends. These assurances, however, I regard, as those of a power unwilling to provoke hostilities with either nation, and preferring peace, as unable to carry on war with either one or the other.

We have advices from Cairo, that two large French privateers are cruising in the Straits of Babel Mandel, and have taken a ship belonging to the Sherif of Mecca, richly laden, from India; and the usual convoys from Surat, Muscat and Bengul, not having arrived at their destination in the Red Sea, and being long out of time, gives reason to suppose they shared the same fate.

"The wars which have long ravaged Egypt, have subsided, and peace is concluded between the Viceroy of that government and the Mamelukes. This gives reason to suppose that commerce, which has for so long a period been annihilated, will resume its activity in that unhappy country. Its crop of rice has, this year, been much more abundant than usual, owing to the shutting up of the canal of Menouf, purposely to increase the inundation of the Pelusian branch of the Nile where the finest crops have always been produced. The quantity this year has not been ascertained, but it is supposed will amount to about 25,350 tons. Its price at Roseta is about 12 dollars for 420 lbs."

"The peace in Egypt will reduce the price of Mocha coffee in the Levant, as its price and risk of carriage will be much lessened, before this, its carriage over land alone here amounted to 150 per cent on its first cost. It will also raise its value at Mocha, as larger quantities than formerly will be transported to ports of these seas."

"In port—Brig Expectation of Philadelphia."

Senate of the United States.

Thursday, March 8.

Mr. Bradley presented a bill for the preservation of peace and maintenance of the authority of the United States in the ports, harbors and waters under their jurisdiction, which was passed to a second reading.

Mr. Lih submitted the following resolutions for consideration:

Resolved, That the President of the U. States be required to instruct our minister at the court of Great Britain, to demand of the British government an immediate compliance with the arrangement made by their minister, Mr. Erskine, with this government, comprising atonement for the attack upon the frigate Chesapeake, and a relinquishment of the orders in council; and that on failing to execute that arrangement, our minister be directed forthwith to return to the United States.

Resolved, That the President of the U. States be required to instruct our minister at the court of Great Britain, to demand of the British government an immediate release of all Americans impressed into the British service, and that on failure or refusal to make such release, our minister be directed to return forthwith to the U. S.

Resolved, That on failure or refusal of the government of Great Britain, after demand made by our minister, to carry into effect the arrangement of Mr. Erskine, the British minister, or on the refusal or failure to release all American citizens, impressed into the British service, the President of the U. S. be authorized to issue letters of marque and reprisal against the ships and vessels belonging to the government and subjects of G. Britain.

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday March 13.

[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

A communication from the secretary of war, covering a report relative to pensioners, was read and referred to the committee of claims.

A letter from William Lambert was read covering several communications relative to the first meridian. Referred to the committee to whom was referred the other communications on this subject.

A bill from the senate relative to the district court of the territory of New Orleans, was read and referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

A bill from the senate incorporating a company to make certain turnpike roads in the District of Columbia, was read twice and referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

The bill to amend the Washington and Alexandria turnpike act was read a third time and passed.

The house resolved itself into committee of the whole on the bill relative to the post-office establishment of the United States—Mr. Bassett in the chair. [This bill is a copy of the old post-office act, with sundry amendments and additions.]

The Secretary of State has received from Mr. Pinkney a private letter of the fourth January, detailing the particulars of a long conference at the foreign office with Wellesley. This letter explicitly states that the British minister did not attempt to VINDICATE Mr. Jackson; but on the contrary, he admitted that he was in the wrong, that he must return and that a successor would be sent out to the United States.

(Nat. Int.)

DIED at Portsmouth, (N. H.) on Thursday evening the 1st inst. Capt. James Gunnell, of Alexandria (Va.) aged 32.

The benevolent mind will not be displeased with a tribute of respect paid to the memory of an interesting and hapless stranger.

Some months since the subject of our notice arrived in this town, from N. Orleans, sick and distressed. He resided with a humane and worthy family, who, during the period of a lingering consumption, with unwearied kindness ministered to his necessities. He was visited, and comforted, and relieved by many pious and respectable persons, whom the God of the afflicted stranger will bless. Though far removed from his friends and acquaintance, though oppressed with sickness, and borne down with sorrow, not a murmur or a repining word escaped his lips. His troubles he did not obtrude upon others, but with manly fortitude confined them to his own bosom, there to prey in secret. He was pained, yet grateful for the many attentions he received. Though he entertained a strong desire to remove to his relatives, yet when informed his end was fast approaching, this, and every other earthly wish he calmly relinquished; and with firmness, meekness and resignation, met the stroke of death. His last moments were cheered by an affectionate letter from his friends, which was sent to his relief the moment they were apprised of his situation, and arrived a short time before he expired. We have reason to entertain the animating hope that he has exchanged this for a better world.

On the following Sabbath afternoon, his funeral rites were performed, with every mark of respect and solemnity.

It must yield much consolation to his bereaved brethren and friends, when the mournful tidings of his death reaches them, to learn that those kind offices his melancholy situation required, and which they were deprived of rendering, were afforded by sympathizing strangers.

(Portsmouth Oracle.)

SHIP NEWS.



Port of Alexandria.

ARRIVED.

Brig John, capt. Stevens, from St. Bartholomews, 20 days. The British had taken possession of St. Martins without resistance, and proceeded against St. Eustatia.

PUBLIC SALE.

TO-MORROW, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold on Conway's wharf, on a liberal credit,

The Cargo of the brig John, Capt. Stephens, from St. Bartholomews, consisting of 44 hhds first quality SUGAR, and 100 bags GREEN COFFEE.

P. G. Markeller.

March 11.

Public Sale.

On Saturday next, at 12 o'clock, will be sold, in the afternoon, on the premises, a Two Story Frame House and Lot situated on Alfred Street, formerly the property of the Miss Daves. The terms of sale cash.

Sarah Ann Davis.

March 12.

HERRINGS & SEAD.

ANY person wishing to have the above articles may be accommodated by applying to Dr. THOMAS MARRAS, at Marshall Hall, Charles county, Maryland. There are good accommodations for eating Fish on his shore.

N. B. He has likewise a FISHERY, and he would rent for the ensuing year.

March 13.

Landing, and for Sale.

From schooner Elizabeth, Capt. Acworth, 3000 bush. Liverpool Ground Alum Stone, 7 hhds. and 10 barrels Boston Rum, 3 boxes Imperial Tea.

John C. Ladd.

March 13.

FOR RENT.

A neat two story brick dwelling house and lot on Duke street, between Fairfax and Water streets.

John C. Ladd.

March 13.

FOR SALE.

A SEINE calculated to fish about sixteen feet. Enquire of the Captain.

March 13.

Kentucky Hemp.

A few hundred yds. just received and for sale by

Haac Robbins.

ALSO,

An assortment of Cotton and Wool Cards ON HAND.

A few hogheads and barrels Sugar, and a general assortment of Groceries.

March 10.

Just Published and for Sale.

At the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cotton B. Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

—(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)—

AN ORATION

ON THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON, DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,

BY ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, ESQ., ONE OF ITS MEMBERS,

ON THE 22d FEBRUARY, 1810. AND PUBLISHED BY ITS ORDER.

March 8.

TUITION.

MRS. EDMONDS, respectfully informing the public, she proposes on Monday, the second day of April, to open a School for the tuition of young ladies, in Prince street, three doors above the late Col. Hope's; and will teach, with the aid of proper assistants, the following branches, viz. Reading, Writing, Arithmetic and English Grammar, Drawing, Painting in oils and colors, on satin, tiffany, &c. &c. and dresses in durable ink. Embroidery in chenilles, gold, silver and silk. Maps wrought in do. Print work in figures, or landscapes. Tambour, and Needle work, plain and fanciful. Fringe, and Netting, in all its variety.

By a careful, unremitting and equal attention to her school, she hopes to merit a part of the public's patronage.

March 6.

Just Ap.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living near Fairfax Court House, on the 15th inst. a negro girl, named NANCY, about 18 years old, rather tall than otherwise, tolerable likely, dark complexion, thin visage, full mouth, has no marks of the whip nor any other visible marks about her; took with her a new yarn frock, striped red and white; several frocks of calico, a new green muslin bonnet, and some other clothing. I will give Ten Dollars reward for securing her in my goal so that I get her again, and all reasonable charges if brought home. She has some companions in Alexandria and Leesburg, perhaps she may make to one of those towns. I forewarn all persons from assisting her or concealing or hiring of her.

Coleman Lewis.

March 12.

Printing in all its branches, neatly executed at this office.

Orphans' Court.

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.
ORDERED, That the executor of Joseph Coleman, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for four weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.
Teste, ALEX. MOORE, Reg.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the orphan's court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Coleman, late of Alexandria, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 14th day of August next; or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.
Given under my hand, this 14th day February, 1810.

Joseph Dean, Ex'r.

To be Rented for a term of years

A valuable tract of Land, called Preston, situate on the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road, at the junction of four mile creek and Potomac river, and distant two miles from Alexandria, three from Washington and five from George Town. There are upon the premises a two story dwelling house, containing six rooms and a passage with a kitchen, carriage house, stable, &c. a large, handsome and highly improved garden, of at least ten acres, in a high state of cultivation, and lately laid off by an experienced gardener, an orchard containing several hundred pear, plum, cherry and damson trees, with English walnut, quince and mulberry trees, and also upwards of six hundred apple trees, and two or three hundred peach trees, selected with care from the best nurseries, and all in full bearing. The annual average product of the apple orchard alone is estimated at 400 barrels. This tract contains about 100 acres of land, a considerable part whereof has been manured and sown with clover seed. The shores afford fish and wild fowl, and one or two good fishing landings. The situation is healthy, elevated and pleasant, in full view of three towns, and is well calculated for a place of public entertainment. Immediate possession may be had and the terms will be made known upon application to

Frances Alexander.

January 23. eotf

NOTICE.

UPWARDS of two hundred shares having been subscribed towards forming the turnpike road from Fauquier court-house to intersect the Little River turnpike road, as authorized by act of assembly, the subscribers are requested to appear in person or by proxy, at Haymarket, on the 31st day of March next, to chuse a President and Directors, and to take such order for commencing the work as may then appear most advisable. The several commissioners who have taken in subscriptions, are requested to forward their subscription books or papers to that meeting.

James Keith,
James H. Blake,
Joseph Dean
Humphrey Peake.

February 27. tu & fr t w & to on

Ship Builders, Wagon Makers, & Coopers,

May be supplied with timber of various kinds, adapted to their particular trades within a short distance from navigation, and not more than twelve miles below Alexandria, by applying to the subscriber, who has for sale, a quantity of cord wood, lying on the mouth of Dogue Creek.

COLIN HAYES,

Manager for B. Washington, Esq.
Mount Vernon, Feb. 21.

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, February Term, 1810.

Ordered, That the administrators of Jas Bacon, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week, for four weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.
Teste, ALEX. MOORE, Reg.

This is to give Notice.

That the subscribers of Alexandria county in the District of Columbia have obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of James Bacon, late of the county aforesaid merchant, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 31st day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.
Given under our hands, this 21st day of February, 1810.

Elizabeth Bacon, Adm'x.

Matthew Robinson, her att'y.

William Fowle, administrator.

Public Sale.

THE subscribers, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. William Hodgson, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 26th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grants for the same, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tracts of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres, and bearing date on the first day of October, 1784, which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, Trustee.

Nov 27. eots

Valuable Property for Sale.

I will sell the PLANTATION known by the name of Mount Air, lying in the state of Virginia, immediately on the post road, about 9 miles from Alexandria. This farm contains upwards of seven hundred acres the soil is well adapted for wheat, corn or tobacco—there are on the farm two houses, one of which is a commodious dwelling with a good kitchen, and the other is a two story building 32 feet square, shingled and weather boarded but not finished inside, it is situated immediately on the post road and is an excellent stand for a tavern. Mr. Edgar McCarty, of Cedar Grove, who resides near this property, will on application shew it to any person desirous of purchasing.

I will also sell that valuable property known by the name of McCarty's Island, in the Potomac river, about 20 miles above George-Town—this island contains upwards of three hundred acres, the soil is equal in quality to any land in the western country, and is surpassed by none for valuable timber for house and ship building; only about 30 acres are cleared. A further description is deemed unnecessary as it is presumed that any person wanting to purchase will view it. Mr. James Middleton, who lives near this island, will shew it on application. For the above described lands a great bargain will be sold on application to the subscriber residing in George Town.

John W. Bronaugh.

February 22. 2aw2m

FOR SALE,

75 Oak and Pine Logs suitable for Wharf building—

On the wharf of JAMES KEITH, Esquire.—The person who took away TWO LOGS from said wharf, is requested to pay for the same, without further trouble, unto

Solomon Parlons.

February 14. dtf

CLOVER SEED.

50 bush. fresh Red Clover-Seed, Just Received from New-England, and For Sale by

John G. Ladd.

February 4.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, intending in a short time to close their business in Alexandria offer the remainder of their Stock consisting of ladies, gentlemen and childrens SHOES, at reduced prices. Any person wishing to purchase a quantity can be supplied at cost.

Hawkins & Alden.

March 7. 3aw3w

A PERSON properly qualified to Teach the Greek, Latin, and English Languages, grammatically, & Geography, would meet with liberal encouragement in the town of Alexandria if application by letter addressed to the Printer, is speedily made.

February 24. 2aw

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gadsby, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an éclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitting exertions in affording to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

February 20. 2aw

GRAND LOTTERY.

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dollars each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
Union College Lottery, No. 1.
MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Isaac Dennison,
Benjamin Dewitt, AND
George Merchant, Stephen Thorne.
S C H E M E.

3 Prizes of	\$25,000	\$25,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
4 250 Tickets each,	7,000	7,000
2	2,000	4,000
5	1,000	5,000
25	500	12,000
30	200	6,000
50	100	5,000
100	50	5,000
200	20	4,000
10,500	10	105,000

10,924 Prizes, 24,076 Blanks, 245,000

35,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is 245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.
1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1,000.
1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.
1st do. 20th do. 250 do from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.
1st do. 25th do. 550 do from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive.
1st do. 30th do. 250 do from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.
1st do. 40th do. 1000
1st do. 45th do. 25,000

At 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expense. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers, shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A. the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No. 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

Orphan's Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, That the executors of OWEN F. MAGRATH, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for four weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste, ALEX. MOORE.

This is to give Notice, THAT the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of OWEN F. MAGRATH, late of the county aforesaid deceased, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 14th day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 14th day of February, 1810.

Wm. Herbert,

N. Fitzhugh,

Hugh Smith.

Ex'rs.

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages and Travels,

Forming a complete History of the Origin and Progress of Discovery by Sea and Land, from the most authentic Sources.

THE first number of this valuable Work is just come to hand and is ready for inspection at the store of the subscriber, in King street, and with Mrs. Tridley, at the coffee-house.

Fully aware of the impositions that have been practised upon the public by strangers soliciting subscriptions from distant places, the Editors invite their examination of a Work perhaps the most useful, entertaining as well as extensive in its kind that has ever been undertaken in any country. And they flatter themselves that the American will by no means shrink from a comparison with the London edition, the offered at six dollars per Vol. less.

This number may be considered as a fair specimen of the execution of the work, and will be left a short time for examination before the 2d number is put to press. After this the subscription will be raised to \$2 25 each number; and but a few more copies printed than are sufficient to supply the subscribers, that the early patrons of this valuable Work may have a decided advantage—subsequent applications may therefore come too late.

It is also the intention of the Editor to annex to the last number a complete list of names of the subscribers as the patrons and encouragers of useful knowledge, the arts and literature of the United States.

Subscriptions are received by the subscriber.

James Kennedy, sen.

December 5. eotf

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, that the executor of George M'Munn, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.
Teste,

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of George M'Munn, late of the county aforesaid, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 21st day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 21st day of Feb. 1810.

Mordecai Miller, Ex'r.

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust from Samuel Bailey to us, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain debts to William Wilson, surviving administrator of Cumberland Wilson, deceased, and to Benjamin Botta, we will offer at public sale, for cash, on the 19th day of March next, at the front door of the court-house, in Fairfax county, a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county, described in the deed as situated on Occoquan Creek, adjoining to the town of Colchester, and devised to the said Samuel Bailey by his father William Bailey—supposed to contain four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.

R. I. Taylor.

December 8. eots

Public Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a deed executed to the subscribers on the eleventh day of January, 1808, by the late Charles Wadsworth, in trust for certain purposes thereby expressed, they will proceed to sell, at public sale, at Rhoades' tavern, in Washington, on Monday, the second of April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day, at the same hour—certain Lots in the city of Washington, and district of Columbia, known and distinguished by numbers 4 and 5, in square numbered 77, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

Cuthbert Powell, Trustees.

George Taylor, Trustees.

March 8. eots

Potomac Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders will be held at the Union Tavern, Georgetown, on Tuesday the 10th day of April next, on business of importance to the Company.

By order of the President & Directors,

Joseph Carlton,

Treasurer of the Potomac Company.

March 9. eots

FOR SALE,

A likely NEGRO WOMAN, about 35 years of age, who is a good nurse, washer-woman and house servant. Also, a strong well built COACHEE, almost as good as new. For terms enquire of the Printer.

February 27. eotf